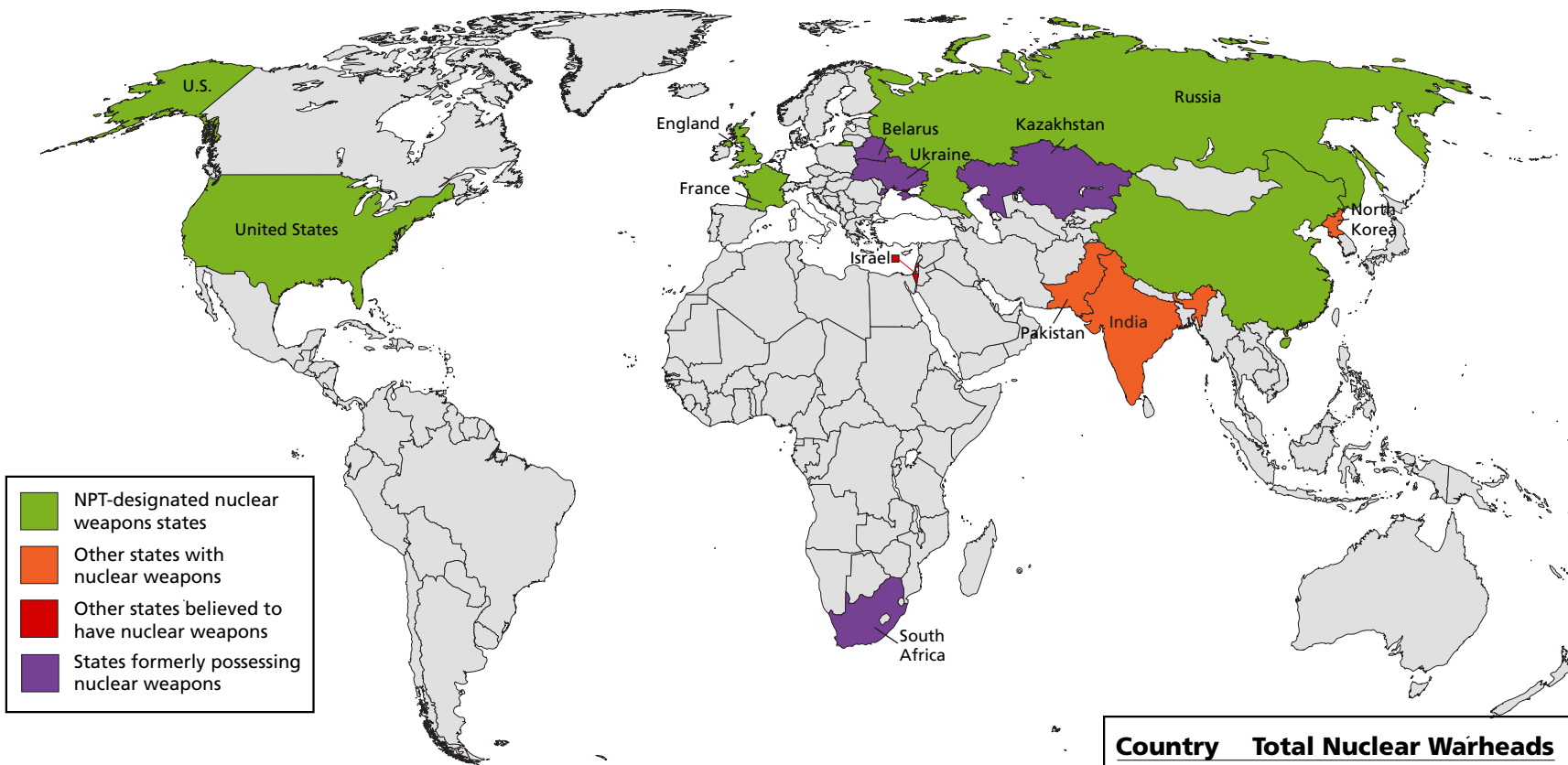


Nuclear Weapons 2013



| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| ■ | NPT-designated nuclear weapons states |
| ■ | Other states with nuclear weapons |
| ■ | Other states believed to have nuclear weapons |
| ■ | States formerly possessing nuclear weapons |

Abstaining Countries

The following countries have the ability to develop nuclear weapons, but have chosen not to do so.

Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Romania, Republic of Korea, Slovakia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, Ukraine.

Recent Renunciations

South Africa produced six nuclear bombs during the 1980s, but renounced such activities and joined the NPT in 1991. Belarus, Kazakhstan, and Ukraine joined the NPT as non-nuclear weapon states and returned their remaining nuclear weapons to Russia in the early 1990s.

Egypt and Sweden both had active nuclear weapons programs but terminated them prior to the founding of the NPT in 1970. After 1970, Argentina, Brazil, Libya, Iraq, Romania, South Korea, Spain, Taiwan, and Yugoslavia all had active programs researching nuclear weapons options. All of these programs were terminated by the early 1990s, except for Libya's, which it renounced in December 2003.

| Country | Total Nuclear Warheads |
|----------------|------------------------|
| China | 410 |
| France | 300 |
| India | 80-100 |
| Israel | 60-80 |
| North Korea | <10 |
| Pakistan | 90-110 |
| Russia | 8,500 |
| United Kingdom | 225 |
| United States | 7,700 |
| Total | 17,300 |